MULTI-MODEL CONSENSUS VALIDATION SYSTEM FOR AI-GENERATED RESPONSES

PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION

Inventor: Kinan Lemberg

Address: 270 Bolton Rd, Koah, 4881, Australia

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to consensus-based validation systems for artificial intelligence applications, and more specifically to multi-model agreement protocols that require consensus among multiple large language models before validating AI-generated responses as accurate and appropriate for delivery.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Current AI validation systems typically rely on single-model confidence scores or simple threshold-based validation. This creates vulnerability to model-specific biases, hallucinations, and errors that could be detected through multi-model consensus validation. Existing approaches lack systematic methods for requiring agreement among multiple AI models before accepting responses as valid.

Current limitations include:

• No mandatory multi-model consensus requirements for AI validation

• Lack of weighted voting systems based on model expertise

• Absence of systematic dispute resolution when models disagree

• No mathematical framework for consensus scoring across diverse models

• Limited integration of model-specific strengths in validation decisions

There exists a need for a comprehensive consensus validation system that requires agreement among multiple AI models with different architectures and training to ensure response accuracy before delivery.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a multi-model consensus validation system that requires agreement among multiple large language models before AI-generated responses are validated for delivery, implementing weighted voting and intelligent dispute resolution mechanisms.

The invention comprises:

1. Multi-Model Orchestration Engine - Automated submission of responses to multiple AI models for independent validation assessment.

2. Weighted Consensus Voting System - Mathematical voting framework that weights model opinions based on domain expertise and historical accuracy.

3. Intelligent Dispute Resolution Protocol - Automated resolution mechanisms when models disagree, including tie-breaking and escalation procedures.

4. Model Expertise Profiling System - Dynamic assessment of each model's strengths and weaknesses for optimal consensus weighting.

5. Real-Time Consensus Scoring - Mathematical consensus calculation providing instant validation decisions based on multi-model agreement.

The system provides significant advantages by requiring multi-model consensus, thereby reducing single-model vulnerabilities and improving validation accuracy through diverse AI perspectives.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

System Architecture

The Multi-Model Consensus Validation System operates as an orchestration layer that submits AI responses to multiple independent models and requires consensus agreement before validation approval.

1. Multi-Model Orchestration Engine

The Orchestration Engine manages parallel submission of responses to multiple AI models and coordinates their validation assessments.

Model Selection Framework:

```
Model_Portfolio = {
  primary_models: [GPT-4, Claude-3, Gemini-Pro, LLaMA-3],
  specialized_models: [Medical-LLM, Legal-LLM, Finance-LLM],
  verification_models: [Fact-Check-LLM, Logic-LLM, Safety-LLM],
  minimum_models: 3,
  maximum_models: 10
}

Model_Selection_Algorithm = {
  domain_matching: Select_Models_By_Domain_Expertise(Query_Domain),
  diversity_requirement: Ensure_Architectural_Diversity(Selected_Models),
  availability_check: Verify_Model_Availability_and_Latency,
  cost_optimization: Balance_Accuracy_vs_API_Costs
}

Parallel_Submission_Protocol = {
  query_transformation: Adapt_Query_for_Each_Model_API,
  simultaneous_submission: Async_Parallel_API_Calls,
  timeout_management: Maximum_Response_Time_Per_Model,
  fallback_handling: Backup_Model_Substitution_on_Failure
}
```

Response Collection and Normalization:

```
```

```
Response_Normalization = {
    format_standardization: Convert_All_Responses_to_Common_Format,
    confidence_extraction: Extract_Model_Confidence_Scores,
    reasoning_extraction: Parse_Model_Reasoning_and_Explanations,
    metadata_collection: Gather_Model_Version_and_Parameters
}

Normalized_Response = {
    model_id: Unique_Model_Identifier,
    response_content: Standardized_Response_Text,
    confidence_score: Model_Reported_Confidence,
    validation_assessment: Model_Validation_Opinion,
    reasoning: Model_Provided_Reasoning,
    processing_time: Response_Generation_Duration
}
```

2. Weighted Consensus Voting System

The Voting System implements sophisticated mathematical frameworks for weighted consensus calculation based on model expertise and historical performance.

Mathematical Voting Framework:

```
Consensus_Score = Σ(Model_Vote_i × Model_Weight_i × Expertise_Factor_i) / Σ(Model_Weight_i)

where:
Model_Vote_i = {
    1.0: "STRONGLY_AGREE",
    0.75: "AGREE",
    0.5: "NEUTRAL",
```

```
    0.25: "DISAGREE",
    0.0: "STRONGLY_DISAGREE"
}

Model_Weight_i = Historical_Accuracy_i × Domain_Expertise_i × Reliability_Factor_i

Expertise_Factor_i = {
    domain_match_score: Relevance_to_Current_Query_Domain,
    historical_performance: Past_Accuracy_in_Similar_Queries,
    specialization_bonus: Additional_Weight_for_Domain_Experts
}
```

Dynamic Weight Calculation:

```
Historical_Accuracy_i = Correct_Validations_i / Total_Validations_i

Domain_Expertise_i = {
    general_knowledge: Base_Expertise_Score,
    medical_expertise: Specialized_Medical_Training_Score,
    legal_expertise: Legal_Domain_Knowledge_Score,
    technical_expertise: Technical_Accuracy_Score,
    financial_expertise: Financial_Domain_Accuracy_Score
}

Reliability_Factor_i = Uptime_i × Consistency_i × Version_Stability_i

Weight_Adjustment = {
    recency_bias: Recent_Performance_Weighted_Higher,
    outlier_handling: Extreme_Votes_Reduced_Weight,
    confidence_correlation: Higher_Weight_for_High_Confidence_Accurate_Votes
```

}
```

Consensus Thresholds:
```
Validation_Decision = {
    if Consensus_Score ≥ 0.9: "STRONG_CONSENSUS_PASS",
    elif Consensus_Score ≥ 0.75: "CONSENSUS_PASS",
    elif Consensus_Score ≥ 0.6: "WEAK_CONSENSUS_PASS",
    elif Consensus_Score ≥ 0.4: "NO_CONSENSUS",
    else: "CONSENSUS_FAIL"
}

Minimum_Agreement_Requirement = {
    critical_domains: 0.9,   # Medical, Legal, Financial
    high_risk_domains: 0.8,   # Business Strategy, Technical
    standard_domains: 0.75,   # General Knowledge
    low_risk_domains: 0.6   # Entertainment, Casual
}
```

3. Intelligent Dispute Resolution Protocol

The Dispute Resolution Protocol implements sophisticated mechanisms for handling disagreements among models.

Disagreement Detection:
```
Disagreement_Metric = Standard_Deviation(Model_Votes) / Mean(Model_Votes)

Disagreement_Classification = {

```
    if Disagreement_Metric < 0.1: "STRONG_AGREEMENT",
    elif Disagreement_Metric < 0.3: "MINOR_DISAGREEMENT",
    elif Disagreement_Metric < 0.5: "MODERATE_DISAGREEMENT",
    else: "MAJOR_DISAGREEMENT"
}

Dispute_Analysis = {
    faction_identification: Cluster_Models_by_Vote_Similarity,
    reasoning_comparison: Analyze_Different_Reasoning_Approaches,
    fact_verification: Cross_Check_Disputed_Facts,
    assumption_identification: Extract_Underlying_Assumptions
}
```

Resolution Strategies:

```
Tie_Breaking_Protocol = {
    expert_model_preference: Prefer_Domain_Expert_Models,
    confidence_weighted: Higher_Weight_to_Confident_Models,
    historical_accuracy: Prefer_Historically_Accurate_Models,
    human_escalation: Flag_for_Human_Review_if_Unresolved
}

Dispute_Resolution_Strategies = {
    fact_checking_arbitration: {
        trigger: Factual_Disagreement_Detected,
        action: Submit_to_Specialized_Fact_Checking_Model,
        weight: Fact_Checker_Gets_2x_Vote_Weight
    },
    domain_expert_arbitration: {
        trigger: Domain_Specific_Disagreement,
```

```
    action: Consult_Domain_Specialist_Model,
    weight: Specialist_Gets_3x_Vote_Weight
  },
  consensus_building: {
    trigger: Close_Vote_Split,
    action: Request_Models_to_Review_Other_Opinions,
    iteration: Allow_Up_to_3_Consensus_Building_Rounds
  }
}
```

4. Model Expertise Profiling System

The Profiling System dynamically assesses and updates each model's expertise profile based on performance.

Expertise Assessment Framework:

```
Model_Expertise_Profile = {
  domain_strengths: {
    medical: Medical_Accuracy_Score,
    legal: Legal_Accuracy_Score,
    technical: Technical_Accuracy_Score,
    financial: Financial_Accuracy_Score,
    general: General_Knowledge_Score
  },
  capability_metrics: {
    factual_accuracy: Fact_Checking_Performance,
    logical_reasoning: Logic_Problem_Performance,
    creative_tasks: Creative_Response_Quality,
    safety_assessment: Risk_Detection_Accuracy
```

```
  },
  performance_trends: {
    improvement_rate: Performance_Change_Over_Time,
    consistency_score: Response_Consistency_Metric,
    reliability_index: Uptime_and_Error_Rate
  }
}

Dynamic_Profile_Update = {
  continuous_learning: Update_After_Each_Validation,
  performance_decay: Reduce_Scores_for_Prolonged_Errors,
  breakthrough_detection: Bonus_for_Catching_Missed_Errors,
  comparative_analysis: Relative_Performance_vs_Other_Models
}
```

Expertise-Based Model Selection:

```
Optimal_Model_Selection = {
  primary_criterion: Match_Query_Domain_to_Model_Expertise,
  diversity_criterion: Include_Models_with_Different_Strengths,
  performance_criterion: Minimum_Historical_Accuracy_Threshold,
  cost_criterion: Balance_Expertise_with_API_Costs
}

Model_Team_Composition = {
  lead_expert: Highest_Domain_Expertise_Model,
  validators: 2-3_High_Accuracy_General_Models,
  specialists: 1-2_Domain_Specific_Models,
  safety_checker: Dedicated_Safety_Validation_Model
}
```

```

5. Real-Time Consensus Scoring

The Consensus Scoring system provides instant validation decisions through efficient parallel processing and mathematical consensus calculation.

Real-Time Processing Pipeline:

```
Parallel_Processing = {
    request_distribution: Simultaneous_Model_Queries,
    response_collection: Async_Response_Gathering,
    incremental_scoring: Update_Consensus_as_Responses_Arrive,
    early_termination: Stop_if_Strong_Consensus_Reached_Early
}

Consensus_Calculation_Optimization = {
    vector_computation: SIMD_Optimized_Vote_Calculations,
    cache_utilization: Previous_Consensus_Pattern_Caching,
    threshold_shortcuts: Early_Exit_on_Unanimous_Agreement,
    parallel_aggregation: Distributed_Vote_Aggregation
}

Real_Time_Metrics = {
    consensus_latency: Time_to_Consensus_Decision,
    model_response_times: Individual_Model_Latencies,
    disagreement_resolution_time: Dispute_Resolution_Duration,
    total_validation_time: End_to_End_Validation_Latency
}
```
```

Streaming Consensus Updates:

```
Streaming_Consensus = {
    initial_estimate: First_2_Model_Preliminary_Consensus,
    progressive_refinement: Update_with_Each_New_Model_Response,
    confidence_intervals: Statistical_Confidence_Bounds,
    stability_detection: Consensus_Stabilization_Monitoring
}

Client_Notification = {
    preliminary_result: Early_Consensus_Indication,
    final_result: Complete_Consensus_Decision,
    disagreement_alert: Notification_of_Significant_Disputes,
    resolution_status: Dispute_Resolution_Progress_Updates
}
```

System Integration and Performance

Consensus System Performance Requirements:

- Model Query Latency: < 100ms parallel distribution
- Consensus Calculation: < 50ms for vote aggregation
- Dispute Resolution: < 2 seconds for standard disputes
- Total Validation Time: < 5 seconds for 5-model consensus

Scalability Architecture:

- Horizontal Scaling: Distributed model query handling
- Load Balancing: Intelligent distribution across API endpoints
- Caching Strategy: Consensus pattern caching for similar queries
- Failover Handling: Automatic model substitution on failures

ADVANTAGES OVER PRIOR ART

The present invention provides significant advantages over existing validation approaches:

1. Multi-Model Validation: Unlike single-model systems, the invention requires consensus among multiple independent AI models.

2. Weighted Expertise: The system weights model opinions based on domain expertise rather than treating all models equally.

3. Intelligent Dispute Resolution: Automated mechanisms resolve model disagreements rather than simple majority voting.

4. Dynamic Expertise Profiling: Continuous assessment of model strengths rather than static model selection.

5. Real-Time Consensus: Instant consensus calculation with streaming updates rather than batch processing.

6. Reduced Single-Point Failure: Multiple model requirement eliminates single-model vulnerabilities.

CLAIMS

Claim 1: A multi-model consensus validation system comprising:

- a multi-model orchestration engine configured to submit AI responses to multiple independent models for validation assessment;

- a weighted consensus voting system implementing mathematical voting frameworks based on model expertise and performance;

- an intelligent dispute resolution protocol configured to resolve disagreements among models through specialized arbitration;

- a model expertise profiling system configured to dynamically assess and update each model's domain strengths; and

- a real-time consensus scoring system providing instant validation decisions through parallel processing.

Claim 2: The system of claim 1, wherein the multi-model orchestration engine implements parallel submission protocols with model diversity requirements and automatic failover handling.

Claim 3: The system of claim 1, wherein the weighted consensus voting system calculates consensus scores using model weights based on historical accuracy, domain expertise, and reliability factors.

Claim 4: The system of claim 1, wherein the intelligent dispute resolution protocol implements tie-breaking mechanisms, fact-checking arbitration, and consensus-building iterations.

Claim 5: The system of claim 1, wherein the model expertise profiling system maintains dynamic profiles of domain strengths, capability metrics, and performance trends for optimal model selection.

Claim 6: The system of claim 1, wherein the real-time consensus scoring provides streaming consensus updates with progressive refinement as model responses arrive.

Claim 7: A method for multi-model consensus validation comprising:

- submitting AI-generated responses to multiple independent models in parallel;
- collecting and normalizing validation assessments from each model;
- calculating weighted consensus scores based on model expertise and performance;
- resolving disputes when models disagree through intelligent arbitration; and
- providing real-time consensus-based validation decisions.

Claim 8: The method of claim 7, further comprising dynamically selecting models based on query domain and required expertise diversity.

Claim 9: The method of claim 7, wherein dispute resolution comprises faction identification, reasoning comparison, and specialized arbitration for fact verification.

Claim 10: The method of claim 7, wherein consensus calculation implements early termination on strong agreement and streaming updates for real-time feedback.

ABSTRACT

A multi-model consensus validation system requires agreement among multiple large language models before validating AI-generated responses. The system comprises: (1) multi-model orchestration for parallel validation submission, (2) weighted consensus voting based on model expertise, (3) intelligent dispute resolution with specialized arbitration, (4) dynamic model expertise profiling, and (5) real-time consensus scoring with streaming updates. The system ensures validation accuracy through multi-model agreement, providing advantages over single-model systems through consensus requirements, weighted expertise, intelligent dispute resolution, and reduced single-point vulnerabilities.

END OF PATENT SPECIFICATION